Hamstring Repair Protocol



Dr. Cecilia Pascual-Garrido MD

Procedure and Protocol Overview Procedure

The following is an overview of the surgical repair process, restrictions and post op management of complete avulsion or partial tears of the hamstring tendons.

Surgical repair of the hamstring is performed under general anesthesia, and involves an open incision to identify and suture the retracted hamstring tendons to their anatomical origin using 2-4 suture anchors. After surgery a brace is applied to protect the newly repaired tendons. Patients are to remain non-weight bearing in the locked brace during the tissue healing and protection phase of the protocol. This phase usually is 6 weeks in length, but may be extended or shortened depending on the number of tendons involved, the degree of retraction, and the quality of the tissue involved in the repair. Always follow the specific directions of the surgeon.

Formal physical therapy will start at the beginning of post op week 3. Strengthening exercises during this phase must be performed while in the brace. Aggressive mobilization of the scar should be avoided during this time.

After the initial 6 weeks of healing, and under the guidance of the physical therapist or athletic trainer, the functional restoration phase of rehabilitation may begin. During this phase the brace may be discontinued as per MD, and weight bearing is initiated and progressed. Basic strength and ROM is gradually progressed and restored. Progression criteria must be met before progressing to the next phase of rehabilitation.

The advanced functional training phase begins at week 12. During this phase exercises are progressed through full ROM, with increased resistance, in multiple planes of movement, and with emphasis on eccentric control. The return to running program can be started, and sport specific training can be initiated as allowed by MD.

A final functional sports test is performed and based on these results, clearance is then provided by the surgeon.

Rehabilitation Guidelines: 0-6weeks Tissue Healing and Protection									
Rehabilitation Weeks 0-3									
Precautions	 Knee locked in brace, no hip flexion past 45 deg CPM to 90 degrees (knee) Avoid icy, wet, slippery surfaces 								
Incision/wound care:	 Shower allowed at 3 days post-op. Avoid pools and hot tubs Post-op follow appointment: 2 weeks following surgery to remove sutures and replace steri-strips. Steri-strips remain in place up to 4 weeks post-op 								
Brace	The angle at which brace is locked is dependent on size of the tear, degree of retraction, and whether it is a primary repair or revision. Please refer to the post-op management page for specific instruction for each patient								
Weight Bearing	Non-weight bearing with crutches								
Rehabilitation	Ankle pumps, abdominal, gluteal, and quadricep isometrics								
	Rehabilitation Weeks 3-6								
	Angle may be changed at 1st post-op visit as determined by surgeon.								
Weight hearing	Continue non-weight bearing with crutches or as instructed by surgeon at 2 week visit								
Mobility									
Soft Tissue Mobilization	Can be initiated after scar is fully healed at 3-4 weeks. Avoid instrumented or aggressive mobilization of the surgical repair site.								
Prone Knee Flexion	Therapist/partner slowly bends knee into flexion until a moderate stretch is felt on the front of the thigh. Hold 1min. Repeat 3 times.								
	Strength								
4 way ankle with Theraband	All Exercise Are Performed in the Brace Point down Pull up Pull out Pull in								
Side Lying Hip Abduction	 Lie on the non-surgical side Slowly lift surgical leg up and down 								
Side Lying Hip Adduction	 Lie on surgical side Slowly lift surgical leg up and down 								
Core: Crunches, Cross Crunches, Side Crunches	Keep a bolster under knees during these exercises								

Sub-Maximal Isometric Hamstring Holds

• Bolster under knees

 Push heel into the floor and hold 10 sec, repeat x 10



Criteria for advancement is based on time required for tissue healing. Progression to next phase is allowed at 6 weeks post-op or as indicated by the surgeon.

Rehabilitation Progression Guidelines: Weeks 6-12 Functional Restoration						
Precautions	 No running, jumping No squatting past 90 degrees with load No ballistic stretching 					
Brace	Use as instructed by MD					
Weight Bearing	Begin to transition to weight bearing at 6 weeks, and progress to full weight bearing. under supervision of PT. Can walk without an assistive device when able to stand on one leg x 10 sec with pelvis level, and walk for 50 ft without a limp.					
Exercise Timelines (under guidance of Physical Therapist)	Bike: Stationary bike at 7 weeks-No resistance until week 9; Outdoors on flats at 10 weeks, can start standing and easy climbing at 12 weeks Elliptical: Start between 8-10 weeks Pool: Need to be very careful of slipping on pool deck! Water Walking at 6 weeks chest depth; Swimming with pull buoy at 6 weeks, Water Jogging at 10 weeks Yoga: 12 weeks. Initiate balance work first, slowly progressing towards stretching and poses that require full range of motion.					
Rehabilitation Progressions	Progression through this phase is based on ability to meet the criteria in each phase before progressing to the next phase. Suggested exercises are demonstrated for each phase, but not limited to those shown.					
	Functional Restoration Level 1: at Week 6 continuing through Week 8-10 Activation and Un-resisted Hamstring Strengthening,					
Single Leg Balance, Core Strength/Endurance						
	Mobility:					
	Restore Knee and Hip ROM					
Soft Tissue Mobilization	 Massage and instrumented soft tissue release to hamstring and surrounding musculature. Avoid aggressive mobilization of scar tissue and repair site. Trigger point needling of hamstring and surrounding musculature away from incision and surgical sites can begin at 6 weeks. 					
Mobility Week 6- https://youtu.be/8BJGtqpHr8U	Initiate passive stretching of either isolated knee extension, or isolated hip flexion. Do not stretch across both joints simutaneously. Supine Knee Extension Stretch Lie on back while therapist applies overpressure to knee extension Maintain neutral hip position					

Knee to Chest Stretch:

Hug knee to chest

Supine Knee Extension:

- Lie flat on table or bench
- Straighten Knee



Exercise Progressions:

Muscle Activation, Un-Resisted Hamstring Strengthening,

Single Leg Balance, Core Strength/Endurance

Stationary Bike

Start 10 min no resistance and progress time as tolerated. If using spin bike or trainer, remain upright.

https://youtu.be/coEQ5Bep6SM

Level 1 Strength

Strength Progressions

Heel Slides Prone Hip Extension
Straight Leg raises Rhythmic Stabilization

Prone Knee Flexion
Standing Knee Flexion
Multi-angle Ham Isometrics

Clamshells
Supine Bridges
Calf Raises

Level 1 Balance

https://youtu.be/sGyDJJmRbsA

Balance Progressions

Single Leg Stance 2 Leg Balance Board

Single Leg Stance with Leg Movements
Single Leg Stance with Arm Movements



https://youtu.be/wgX2lIj8nGw

Core Progressions

Roller Pelvic Tilt Front Plank
Roller Marches Cable Step Outs
Roller Deadbugs Bird Dogs

Criteria for Advancement to Level 2:

- No sooner than Week 8
- Full knee extension, ability to perform given ROM exercises without pain
- Single leg stance x 10sec
- Walk without a limp for at least 100 ft
- Front plank x 30 sec

Functional Restoration Level 2:

Weeks 8-12+

Mobility:

Initiate active stretching of hip flexion/knee extension

Normalize muscle tone

Mobility Week 8-

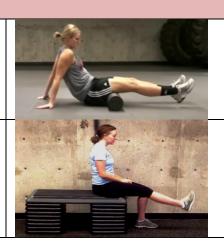
Foam roller

- Roll muscle belly
- Roll forward and back
- Rock side to side

https://youtu.be/qOp5ILWkonM

Active Seated Knee Extension:

 In seated position slowly straighten knee until a stretch is felt on the back of the leg



Active Knee Extension Hip 90 deg Hold Thigh Hip Flexed at 90 deg Progress to: Slowly straighten knee until a stretch is felt on the back of the leg **Dynamic Drills: Dynamic** Frankensteins Marches Side Steps **Knee Hugs** Cariocca Side Sliders https://youtu.be/h48VP-pChFE Backward steps **Passive Stretching** Passive hamstring stretching can be initiated at 8 weeks with patient self stretches only. No partner or overstretching! **Exercise Bike** No resistance until 9 weeks post-op. If using spin bike or trainer, remain upright. **Strength Progressions** Glute/Hamstring Strengthening Progressions: Start with isometric hamstring activation exercises and glute/hamstring co-contraction exercises. Progress difficulty of co-contraction exercises before introducing isolated resisted hamstring exercises **Functional Strength Progressions** *focus on movement patterns and quality **Level 2 Strength** Leg Press 0-60 deg Matrix Slides Step up/downs Wall Squats **Band Walks** Cable Walkouts:Forward/Backward/Lateral **Bridge Progressions:** 2 Leg Bridge Long Bridge Hold **Bridge Progressions** Bridge Walkout Hold Long Bridge Tapdowns Bridge Band Rotation No Hold Walkouts https://youtu.be/cCjAlnctq6g Single Side Rotation 1 Leg Bridge Hold Ball Hip Bridge **Bridge Abduction Ball Bridge Tapdowns Balance Progressions Level 2 Balance** Add balance activities on unstable surfaces: Bosu, balance board, airex. Start with 2 leg, progress to single leg. **Core Progressions** Front Plank Slides Supine Leg Lowers **Level 2 Core** Side Plank Raises **Front Plank Tapouts Ball Walkouts** Birddogs on Roller Start on a treadmill before progressing to outdoor surfaces. Level 2 Progressive training to meet goal of walking 30 minutes pain free at a **Walking Program Initiated** fairly aggressive pace (3.5 miles per hour or higher).

Criteria for Progression to Advanced Functional Training

- No sooner than 12 weeks
- Completion of phase 2 progressions
- ROM within 10% of uninjured side
- Walk pain free at a fairly aggressive pace (3.5 miles per hour or higher) for 30 min.
- Single leg balance 30 sec foot flat
- 4+ to 5/5 strength of hip adduction, abduction, extension, flexion; Knee flexion at 90 and 20 degrees

Advanced Functional Training (12 weeks +)							
	Rehabilitation G	Guidelines					
Exercise Progressions		unctional exercises tring exercises with progressive load n as tolerated and instructed by physical therapist.					
Return to Running	Running progression production determined by physica	rogram (see handout) initiated at 12 weeks or as I therapist/MD					
Sport Specific Training	completing the running	can be initiated per MD clearance after g progression program, and return to sport de advanced weight training, plyometrics, ecific conditioning.					
Focus on adding hamstring	Exercise Progr eccentrics, progressive re	ressions esistance, and activation throughout full ROM					
Level 3 Strength	Strength Progressions Ball Hamstring curls Single Leg Deadlift Matrix Lunges Split Squat HS Sliders Bench Bridges Cable Reach/Row	Leg press Ham curls Walking Lunges Dumbell Windmills Single Leg Pickups Sport Cord Skaters, Diagonals Eccentric Treadmill					
Level 3 Dynamics	Dynamic Progressions: Lunge Twist Windmill	Sumos Lunge Reach/Rotate					
Level 3 Core	Core Progressions Side Plank Ball Walkouts Side Plank Drivers Ball Tucks						
Level 3 Mobility	Cable or Dumbbell Rotations/Chops Passive Stretches: Hamstrings Quadriceps Straddle stretch Supine Figure 4						

Return to Sport Test (single leg functional tests):									
Y Balance Test	Y Balance Test Y-Balance test < 10% deficit								
1 Leg Squat to 90	1 Leg Squat to 90 deg								
Timed Single Leg	Timed Single leg Squat	<10% deficit							
Single Leg 1 Hop	Single Leg 1 Hop Test	<10% deficit							
Single Leg 3 Hop	Single Leg 3 Hop Test	<10% deficit							
Concentric: 60 deg/s x 5 reps 180 deg/sec x 15 reps	Isokinetic Testing	<15% deficit							

Y Balance Test Score Sheet

Name:	Date:					
Surgical Date:	Involved Limb:	R	ı			



	Left	Right	Difference
Anterior			
Posteromedial			
Posterolateral			

 $^{^{***}}$ Difference should be less than 4 cm. for return to sport and preparticipation screening ***

Composite Score = (Anterior + Posteriomedial + Posterolateral) x 100 $(3 \times Limb \ Length)$

Composite	
Right	
Left	

Return to Sport Tests Score Sheet

Single Leg Hop x1							
Lower Extremity Trial 1 Trial 2 Trial 3 Best							
Injured (R L)							
Uninjured (RL)							
·	UI/I x100 %						

	Single Leg Hop x3							
Lower Extremity Trial 1 Trial 2 Trial 3 Best								
Injured (RL)								
Uninjured (R L)								
			UI/I x100	%				

Timed Single Leg Squat							
Lower Extremity Trial 1 Trial 2 Trial 3 Best							
Injured (RL)							
Uninjured (RL)							
			UI/I x100	%			

Single Leg Squat to 90 deg								
Lower Extremity Valgus Control Squat Angle								
Injured (R L)								
Uninjured (R L)								
	UI/I x100	%						

Isokinetic Test												
Peak Torque Total Work H/Q Ratio Q/BW Ratio							atio					
	I	UI	I/UI x100	I	UI	I/UI x100	I	UI	I/UI x100	I	UI	I/UI x100
60 deg/sec												
180 deg/sec												